**04-03-2022**

**Phase 2 :**

Day 1

Maven :

**SQL** : Self learning using My SQL Database.

**JDBC** : Java Database Connectivity

**Hibernate** : Adv of JDBC

JEE :

**Servlet**

**JSP**

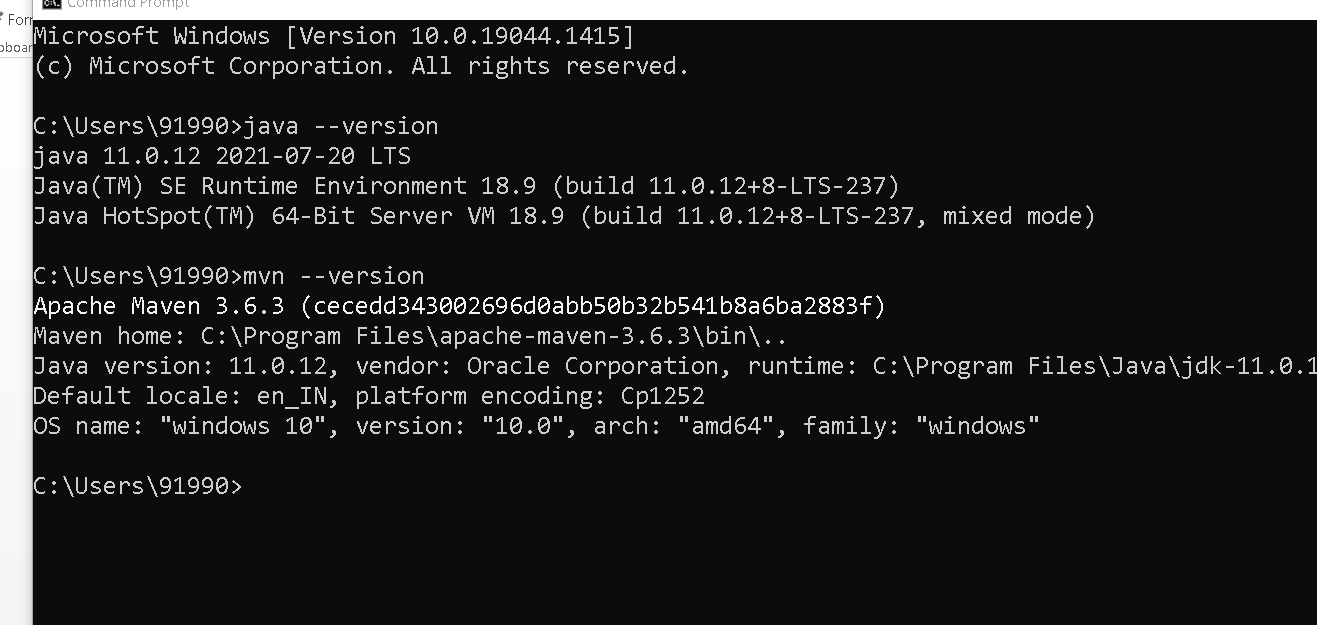
**Maven is known as Build tool. Build tools is responsible to compile, run, creating jar, war or ear file (Java Archive, Web Archive, or Enterprise archive), download the dependencies, creating documentation etc.**

**ANT :**

1. **Maven**
2. **Gradle**

**MAVEN set path**

**To check java and maven please open the command prompt**

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**Creating simple maven project**

**Create folder with any name (maven project)**

**Open the command prompt in that location**

**mvn archetype:generate**

**wait it will download few dependencies from central repository.**

**mvn archetype : generate : after downloaded dependencies.**

**It will display some number ie 1870 :**

**Then click enter key**

**­Again hit enter key**

**It will ask the group Id : MyProjects (can be any name)**

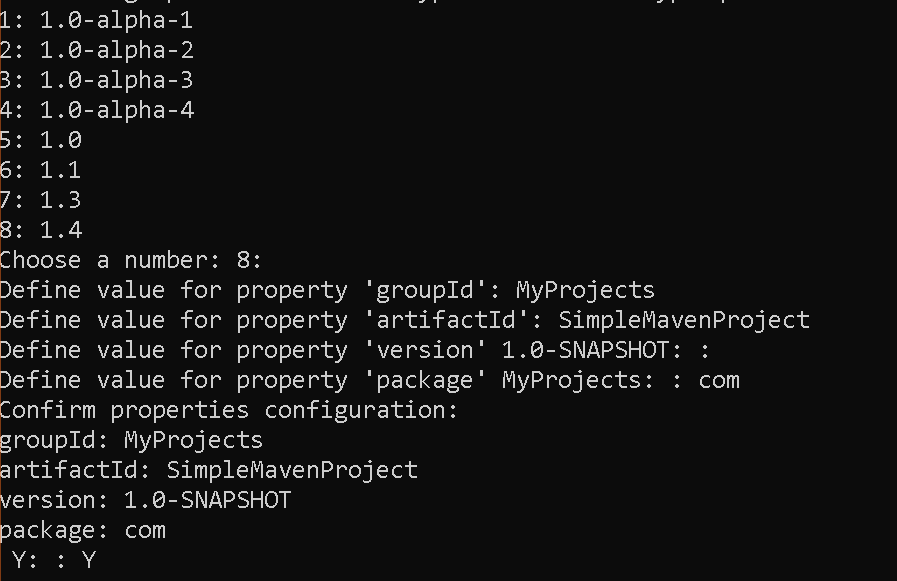
**It will ask the artefact id : SimpleMavenProject**

**Version : hit enter key**

**Package Name : com**

**Y**

**Then enter the key**

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**pom.xml (Project Object Model). This file contains maven project description details.**

**Maven provide goals.**

**Maven goals are use to do specific task.**

**mvn compile**

**mvn clean**

**To run the maven project through command prompt we have use the command as**

**mvn exec:java -Dexec.mainClass="com.App"**

**My SQL Database in Virtual Lab**

**Open the command prompt**

**To connect the database you have to type**

**mysql –u root –p**

**password : Simplilearn**

**connect the my sql database through console.**

**Syntax to create the database.**

**create database databaseName**

**create database my\_database**

**command to view all the databases**

**show databases;**

**Command to switch into database.**

**Use databaseName**

**use my\_database**

**syntax to create the table**

**create table employee(id int primary key,name varchar(10), salary float);**

**Table is Employee**

**Id,Name,Salary**

**Id must be hold number value and it must be unique.**

**Name must be hold string value**

**Salary must be hold float value**

**desc employee : it display the table structure.**

**Insert the record in table.**

**insert into employee values(1,’Ravi’,12000);**

**To view the records from a table**

**Select \* from employee**

**Delete the records**

**delete from employee where id =4;**

**update query**

**update employee set salary = 24000 where id=1;**

**JDBC : Java Database Connectivity :**

**Java Program MySQL**

**JDBC**

**Or**

**Hibernate**

**JDBC : Java Database connectivity : Which provide set of classes and interfaces which help to connect the database through Java technologies.**

**JDBC throw (SQL exception) checked exception so whenever we write the JDBC code you have to write the code with exception handling.**

**In JDBC we have to load the Driver. Driver is a pre-defined class provided by vendor (database provider) which help to connect the database.**

**There are totally 4 types of driver**

**Type 1**

**Type 2**

**Type 3**

**Type 4 or jdbc pure or thin driver.**

**Class.forName(“driverName”)**

**In Java Class is a pre-defined class and name itself is a Class which contains forName() static method. which help to load the Driver.**

**Establish the connection**

**DriverManager is a pre-defined class which provide getConnection() static method. and we have to provide url, username and password. getConnection method return type of Connection interface reference.**

**Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(url,username,password);**

**JDBC provided Statement and PreparedStatement interface which contains set of method which help to insert, delete, update and retrieve records from database.**

**executeUpdate() : insert, delete and update**

**executeQuery() : select query**

Day 2

07-03-2022

**PreparedStatement : PreparedStatement is a interface which provide set of method which help to dynamic SQL Operation. It support parameterized concept.**

**If we use Statement each time query will compile on java side and execute on database side.**

**But if we use PreparedStatment it compile only once and execute n number of time.**

**So performance wise PreparedStatement is faster than statement interface reference.**

**JDBC with Maven with CRUD Operation on Employee table**

**Backend side Table must be match or map to Java Side Java Bean.**

**Table --🡪 Employee**

**class -🡪 Employee**

**column name must be map to variable name in java side.**

**As a good practise don’t; write JDBC code inside main method.**

**To write JDBC code we have to create DAO class**

**Ie Data Access Object.**

**This class contains pure JDBC or database Logic.**

**EmployeeDao etc**

**ProductDao**

**LoginDao**

**DAO class is not responsible to take the value through keywords. Means inside DAO class don’t’ create Scanner class object.**

**DAO class not responsible to interact with input device.**

**Service class :**

**This class is responsible to write business logic.**

**EmployeeService**

**CustomerService**

**ManagerService**